



# Developers are not the Enemy!

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- Chapter 1: Usable Security
  - From end-users to developers
- Chapter 2: Developers are not the Enemy
  - Password Security
- Chapter 3: The way forward
  - Studies, Usability & AI



# Chapter 1

## Usable Security & Privacy



# Usability + Security



- Usable Security is to Security as Behavioural Economics is to Economics
  - User studies to assess problems / understand human factor
  - User studies to evaluate solutions
- The goal is to make security more user friendly
  - Enabling instead of restricting
- Founded in the late 90's
  - “Users are not the Enemy” Adams and Sasse’99

# Passwords





- Passwords are still a mainstay of modern security
  - and a very common cause of security problems
- Common password advice
  - make it long and random
  - use special characters
  - don't write it down
  - change it often
  - don't re-use across services
- Password problems lead to
  - lost productivity
  - recovery cost
  - frustrated users who try and circumvent system

good technical advice

bad usability advice



# Top 10 Passwords 2018

Rank	Password	Change from 2017
1	123456	Unchanged
2	password	Unchanged
3	123456789	Up 3
4	12345678	Down 1
5	12345	Unchanged
6	111111	New
7	1234567	Up 1
8	sunshine	New
9	qwerty	Down 5
10	iloveyou	Unchanged





# Password Meters

## Just colored words

**Facebook**

New:

Too short

Re-type new:

Passwords match

**Baidu**

Password:  Confirm Password:

The structure of your password is too simple to replace the more complex the password, otherwise unable to register successfully. Password length of 6 to 14, the letters are case-sensitive. [Password is too simple hazards](#)

## Green bars / Checkmark-x

**Twitter**

✗ Password is too obvious.

✓ Password is okay.

✓ Password is perfect!

## Checklists

**Apple**

1

Password strength: weak

**Password must:**

- Have at least one letter
- Have at least one capital letter
- Have at least one number
- Not contain more than 3 consecutive identical characters
- Not be the same as the account name
- Be at least 8 characters

## Segmented bars

**Weibo**

Create a

Уровень сложности: 弱 中 强

Mail.ru

Уровень сложности: 弱 中 强

Уровень сложности: 弱 中 强

**Paypal**

■ Fair

- ✓ Include at least 8 characters
- ✓ Don't use your name or email address
- Use a mix of uppercase and lowercase letters, numbers, and symbols
- ✓ Make your password hard to guess - even for a close friend

■ Strong  
■ Fair  
■ Weak

**Yahoo.jp and Yahoo**

baseball! パスワードの安全性 ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ 低

Aaaaaa!! パスワードの安全性 ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ 中

Strong ■ ■ ■ ■ ■

Very strong ■ ■ ■ ■ ■

## Gradient bars

**Wordpress.com**

■ Bad

**Live.com**

Weak ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■

Medium ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■

Strong ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■

## Color changing bars

**Mediafire**

Password Strength Too short

Password Strength Weak

Password Strength Fair

Password Strength Good

Password Strength Strong

**Blogger**

Password strength: Weak

**Google**

Create a password

Password strength: Weak

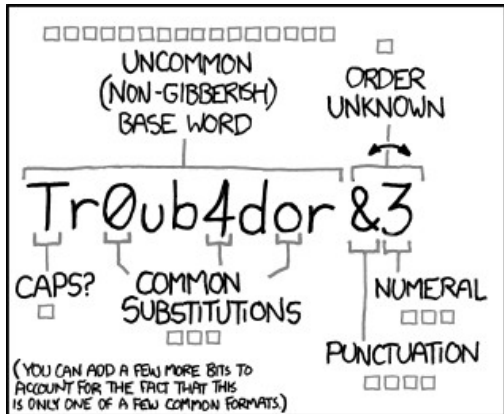

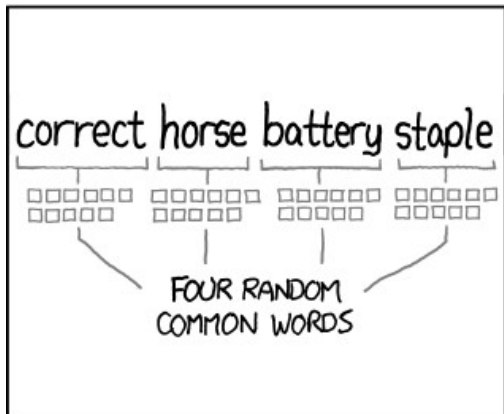

Use at least 8 characters. Don't use a password from another site, or something too obvious like your pet's name. [Why?](#)

Password strength: Strong

Password strength: Good

Password strength: Too short

Ur et al. How Does Your Password Measure Up? The Effect of Strength Meters on Password Creation, USENIX Security'12

 <p>UNCOMMON (NON-GIBBERISH) BASE WORD</p> <p>ORDER UNKNOWN</p> <p>Tr0ub4dor &amp;3</p> <p>CAPS?    COMMON SUBSTITUTIONS    NUMERAL    PUNCTUATION</p> <p>(YOU CAN ADD A FEW MORE BITS TO ACCOUNT FOR THE FACT THAT THIS IS ONLY ONE OF A FEW COMMON FORMATS.)</p>	<p>~28 BITS OF ENTROPY</p> <p><math>2^{28} = 3 \text{ DAYS AT } 1000 \text{ GUESSES/SEC}</math></p> <p>(PLAUSIBLE ATTACK ON A WEAK REMOTE WEB SERVICE. YES, CRACKING A STOLEN HASH IS FASTER, BUT IT'S NOT WHAT THE AVERAGE USER SHOULD WORRY ABOUT.)</p> <p>DIFFICULTY TO GUESS: <b>EASY</b></p>	<p>WAS IT TROMBONE? NO, TROUBADOR. AND ONE OF THE 0s WAS A ZERO?</p> <p>AND THERE WAS SOME SYMBOL...</p>  <p>DIFFICULTY TO REMEMBER: <b>HARD</b></p>
 <p>correct horse battery staple</p> <p>FOUR RANDOM COMMON WORDS</p>	<p>~44 BITS OF ENTROPY</p> <p><math>2^{44} = 550 \text{ YEARS AT } 1000 \text{ GUESSES/SEC}</math></p> <p>DIFFICULTY TO GUESS: <b>HARD</b></p>	<p>THAT'S A BATTERY STAPLE.</p> <p>CORRECT!</p>  <p>DIFFICULTY TO REMEMBER: YOU'VE ALREADY MEMORIZED IT</p>

THROUGH 20 YEARS OF EFFORT, WE'VE SUCCESSFULLY TRAINED EVERYONE TO USE PASSWORDS THAT ARE HARD FOR HUMANS TO REMEMBER, BUT EASY FOR COMPUTERS TO GUESS.

Shay et al. Correct horse battery staple: Exploring the usability of system-assigned passphrases, SOUPS'12



US & WORLD | TECH | CYBERSECURITY

# Yahoo says all 3 billion user accounts were impacted by 2013 security breach

by [Natt Garun](#) | [@nattgarun](#) | Oct 3, 2017, 5:07pm EDT

25.01.2019 12:51 Uhr | Security

## Neue Passwort-Leaks: Insgesamt 2,2 Milliarden Accounts betroffen

Nach der Passwort-Sammlung Collection #1 kursieren nun auch die riesigen Collections #2-5 im Netz. So überprüfen Sie, ob Ihre Accounts betroffen sind.

- Internet of broken Things
  - Satis IoT bidet by LAXIL
  - Connects to your smartphone
  - Hardcoded Bluetooth password 0000



This bidet plays music, deodorizes, relaxes, and IT CAN BE HACKED. (LAXIL)

Source: The Atlantic

- End-users are only a small part of the password ecosystem
- Administrators are responsible for (terrible) password policies
- Developers are responsible for storing passwords (insecurely)
- Alternative authentication systems might make things better – they might also make them worse...





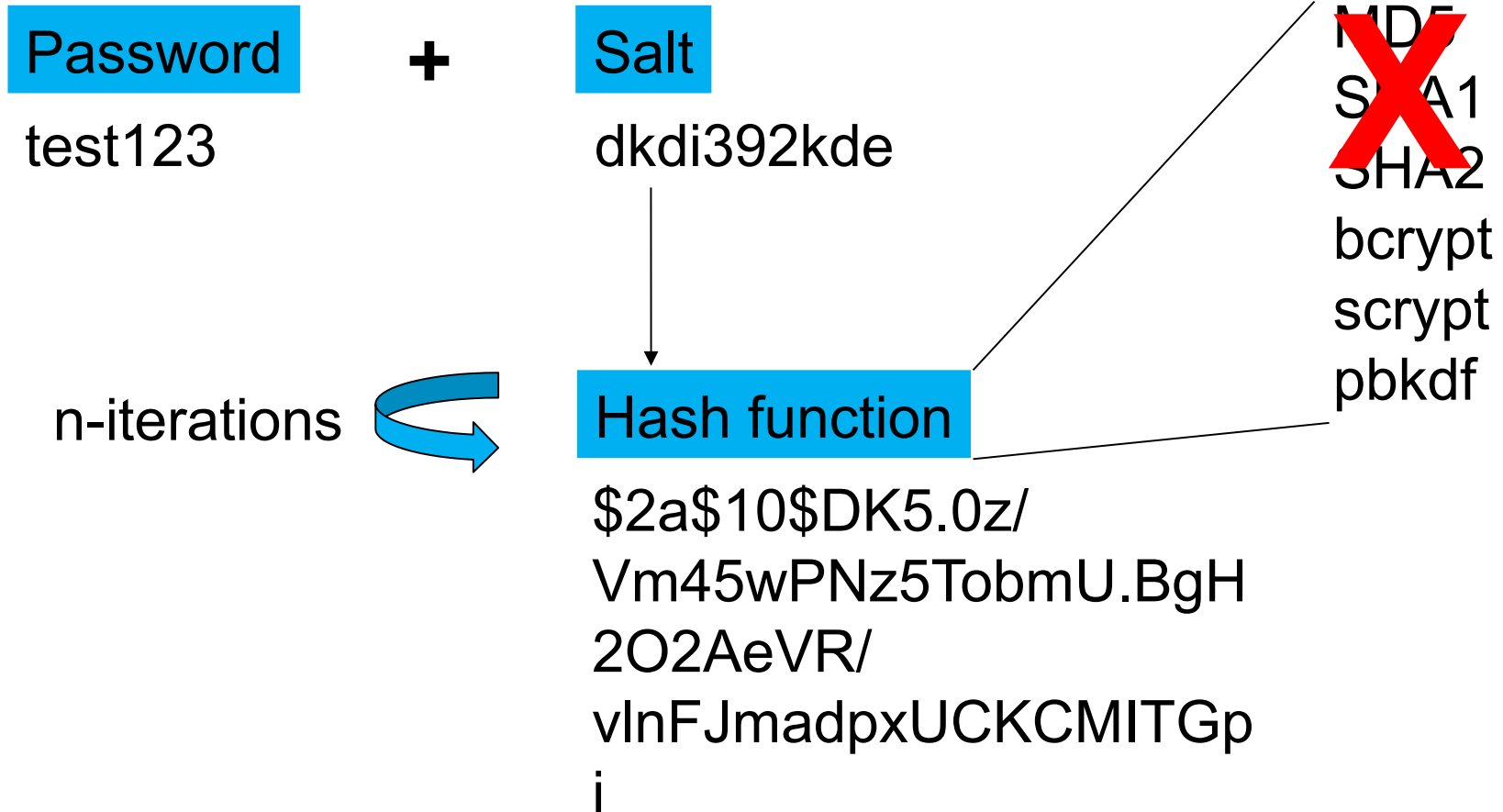
# Chapter 2

## Developers are not the enemy!

Smith & Green IEEE S&P Magazin'16



# How to store a password









- **Laboratory Study**
  - one working day (8 hours)
  
- **Participants**
  - 40 Computer Science students from the University of Bonn
  
- **Role-playing scenario**
  - Social networking platform: code for user registration and user authentication
  
- **Meta-Study: Priming / Task Description**
  - Password Security vs. API Usability
  
- **Primary Study :Framework**
  - Plain Java vs Spring



# Security Score 0-7

- The end-user password is **salted** (+1) and **hashed** (+1).
- The **derived length of the hash is at least 160 bits** long (+1).
- The **iteration count** for key stretching is
  - at least 1 000 (+0.5) or 10 000 (+1) for **PBKDF2** and
  - at least  $2^{10} = 1\,024$  for **bcrypt** (+1).
- A **memory-hard hashing function** is used (+1).
- The **salt** value is generated **randomly** (+1).
- The **salt is at least 32 bits** in length (+1).



**How many of the 20 non-primed participants stored the user passwords with any security?**



O



**How many of the 20 primed participants stored the user passwords with any security?**



**12/20**



# Comparing JSF to Spring

Looking only at those who implemented some security:

- Java Score
  - Min 2, Median 5.5, Mean 4.3, and Max 6.
- Spring Score
  - Min 6, Median 6, Mean 6, and Max 6.
- Mann-Whitney  $U = 15$ ,  $p = 0.051$ ,  $cor-p = 0.20$ 
  - Bonferroni-Holm correction with family = 6

It's time to talk about ditching statistical significance,  
*Nature Editorial* 567, 283 (2019)

Moving to a World Beyond “ $p < 0.05$ ”

*Wasserstein et al. American Statistical Association* (2019)



# Study bias?



***It depends on the company.***

*If it had been a security company I would have thought of something because they would have minded.*



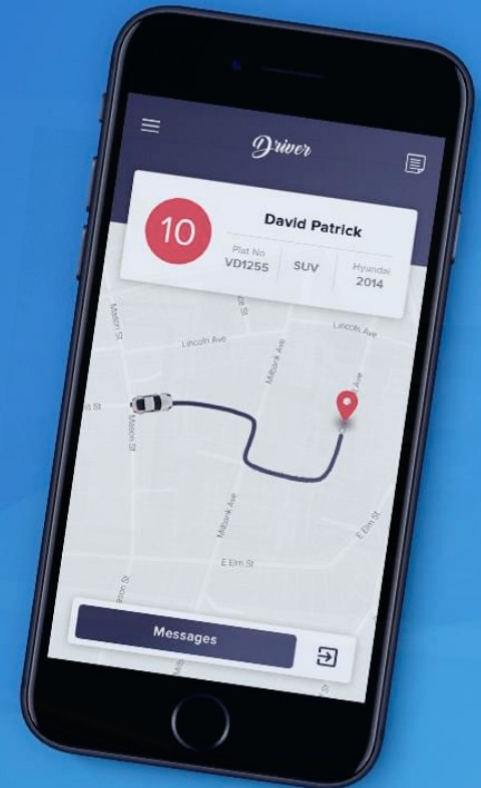


## Hire expert freelancers for any job, online

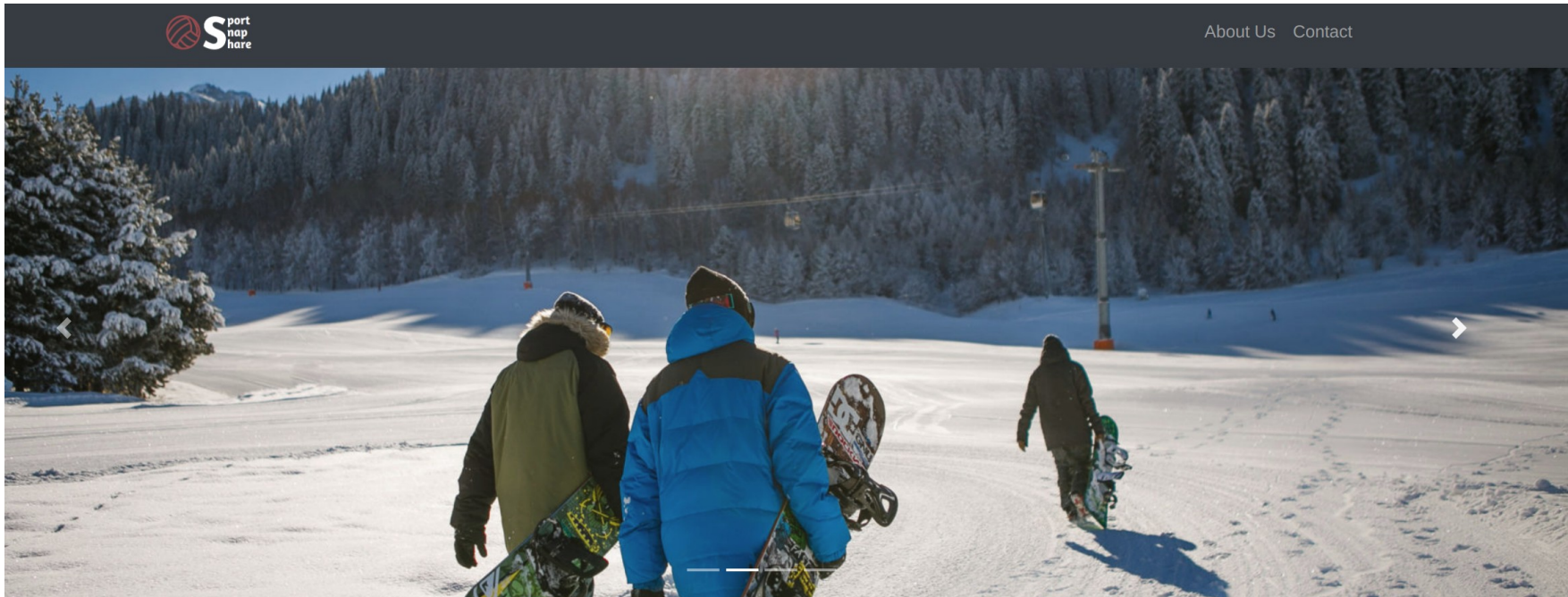
Millions of small businesses use Freelancer to turn their ideas into reality.

I want to Hire

I want to Work



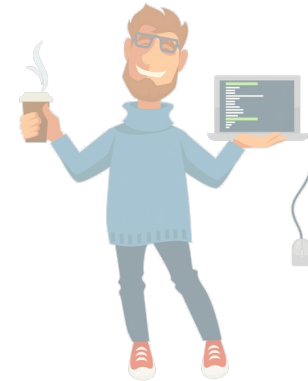
freelancer.com



## Welcome to SportSnapShare

A photo album for your whole team! Remember when the mother next to you at Jenny's ballet show asked you for the photos you took and it took the two of you several weeks to manage handing them over? Or the time when you and your soccer team won the cup and the only pictures your wife took are blurred? Then you will love SportSnapShare! It's never been easier to share photos with your team! Just join an existing team or start a new one and upload those photos you want your team members to view. We offer you:

- **42 freelancers**
  - 29 freelancing main profession
- **30 years old (sd = 7.6), 39 male**
- **14 India, 8 China**
  - 4 Pakistan, 3 USA, 3 Egypt, others ( $\leq 2$ )
- **Programming: 8 years (sd = 3.6)**
  - Java: 6.4 years (sd = 2.6)





**How many of the 21 non-primed participants stored the user passwords with any security?**

(Reminder: students 0 / 20)



**4/21**



**How many of the 21 primed participants stored the user passwords with any security?**

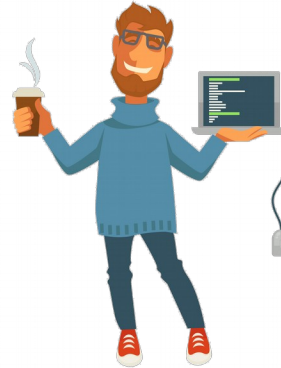
(Reminder: students 12 / 20)



**13/21**



# Security score comparison



100 €

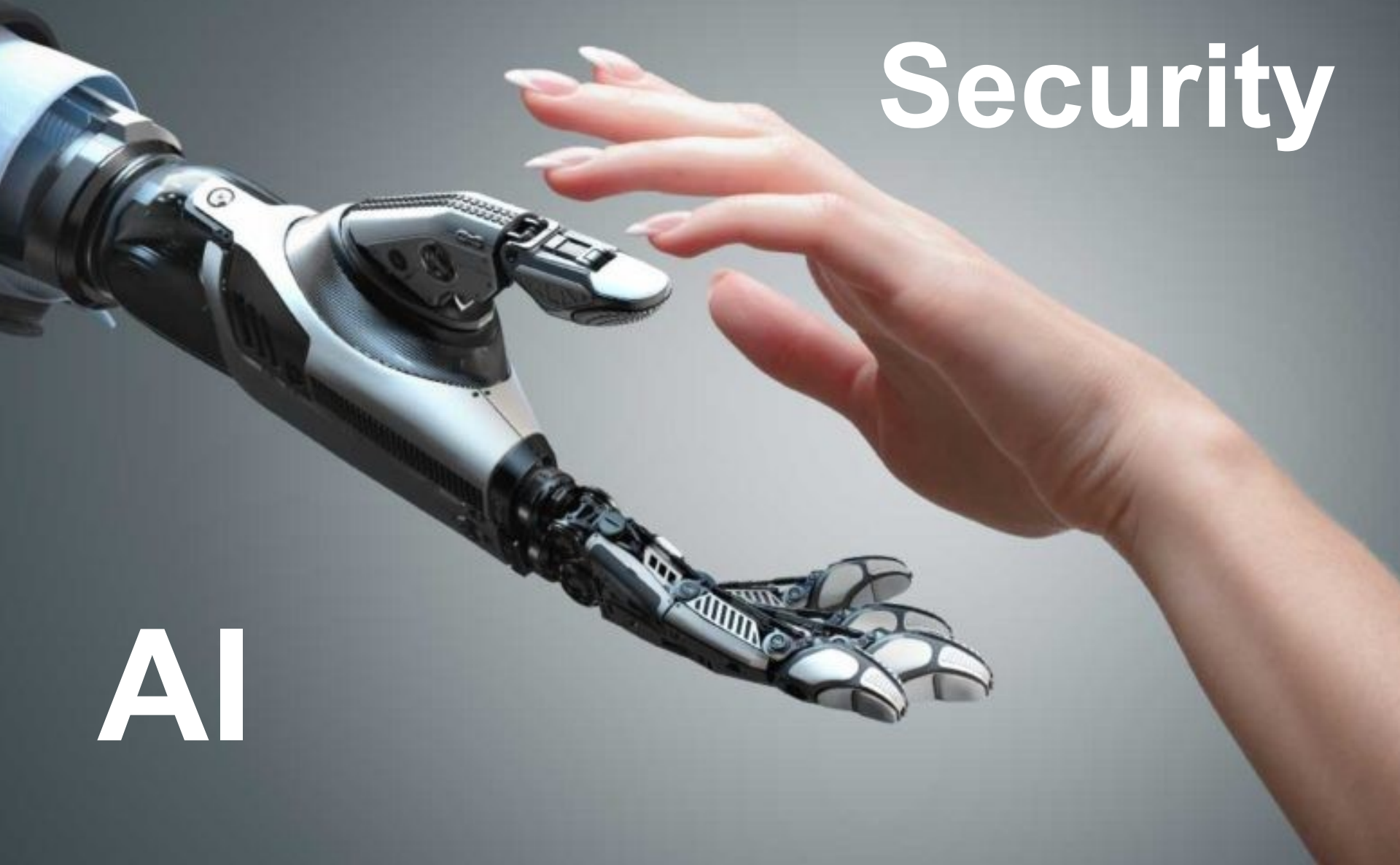


200 €

Mean	Students	Freelance 100€	Freelance 200€
all	2.15	1.89	2.4
did something	4.3	2.1	2.9



# Usable Security



AI



# Bugs that shook the world



SHELLSHOCK  
BASH BUG

HEARTBLEED BUG





# Scope of the problem

*A single line of code can compromise the entire system*

- `systemd` is a system and service manager for Linux
  - 1.2 million lines of code
- Debian SID
  - 1.5 billion lines of code





# What can we do about it?

- Education?
  - Does not scale
  - Does not age well
  - Teach the impossible?
  - Method of last resort
- We need to understand the problem
  - Large scale analysis
  - Empirical studies
- Smarter & Human Centric Development & Testing
  - AI/usability assisted software development
  - AI/usability assisted usable Software Testing



# Questions?

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